### **Chapter 5:**

# **Learning Objectives:**

1. Contrast sensation and perception, and explain the difference between bottom-up and top-down processing.

## Sensing the World: Some Basic Principles:

- 2. Distinguish between absolute and difference thresholds, and discuss whether we can sense stimuli below our absolute thresholds and be influenced by them.
- 3. Describe sensory adaptation, and explain how we benefit from being unaware of unchanging stimuli.

#### Vision:

- 4. Define *transduction,* and specify the form of energy our visual system converts into the neural messages our brain can interpret.
- 5. Describe the major structures of the eye, and explain how they guide an incoming ray of light towards the eye's receptor cells.
- 6. Contrast the two types of receptor cells in the retina, and describe the retina's reaction to light.
- 7. Discuss the different levels of processing that occur as information travels from the retina to the brains' cortex.
- 8. Define parallel processing, and discuss its role in visual information processing.
- 9. Explain how the Young-Helmholtz and opponent-process theories help us understand color vision.
- 10. Explain the importance of color constancy.

# **Hearing:**

- 11. Describe the characteristics of the pressure waves we experience as sound.
- 12. Describe the three regions of the ear, and outline the series of events that triggers the electrical impulses sent to the brain.
- 13. Contrast the frequency theories, and explain how they help us to understand pitch perception.
- 14. Describe how we pinpoint sounds.
- 15. Contrast the two types of hearing loss, and describe some of their causes.
- 16. Describe how cochlear implants function, and explain why Deaf-culture advocates object to these devices.

### **Other Important Senses:**

17. Describe the sense of touch.

- 18. State the purpose of pain, and describe the biopsychosocial approach to pain.
- 19. Describe the sense of taste, and explain the principle of sensory interaction.
- 20. Describe the sense of smell, and explain why specific odors so easily trigger memories.
- 21. Distinguish between kinesthesis and the vestibular sense.